

# The Hongkong Telegraph.



No. 331.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1883.

SIX DOLLARS PER QUARTER.

## For Sale.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

RACE SADDLES.

JOCKEY WHIPS.

PONY HARNESS.

RACING SCARVES.

HATS, IN NEWEST SHADES.

KID GLOVES.

FRENCH SHOES AND BOOTS.

LATEST HOSIERY AND SHIRTS.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, 15th February, 1883. [296]

## Insurances.

### NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000.)

The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS AT CURRENT RATES ON GOODS, &c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN

Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,

No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [106]

### GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL TAELS 600,000, EQUAL \$833,333.33-  
RESERVE FUND.....\$70,858.27.

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LEE YAT LUI, Esq., Chairman.  
LEE YOK MOON, Esq., CHU CHIK NING, Esq.,  
MANAGER.—HO AMEI.

MARINE RISKS ON GOODS, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1882. [601]

YANGTSE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up).....Tls. 420,000.00  
PERMANENT RESERVE.....Tls. 230,000.00  
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND.....Tls. 290,553.95

TOTAL CAPITAL AND Accumulations, 8th May, 1882.....Tls. 940,553.95

### DIRECTORS.

H. DE C. FORBES, Esq., Chairman.  
J. H. PINCKVOSS, Esq., W. MEYERINK, Esq.,  
A. J. M. INVERARITY, Esq., C. H. WHEELER, Esq.,

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.

Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.

LONDON BRANCH.

Messrs. BARKING BROTHERS & Co., Bankers.

RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent,  
68 and 69, Cornhill, E.C.

POLICIES granted on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the world.

Subject to a charge of 12 per cent. for interest on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROFITS of the UNDERWRITING BUSINESS are annually distributed among all Contributors of Business (whether Shareholders or not) in proportion to the premia paid by them.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1883. [83]

THE Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS to the NEW YORK BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

RECORD OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN SHIPPING.

Agents,  
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [457]

## Notices of Firms.

### NOTICE.

I HAVE This Day PURCHASED the GOODWILL and STOCK IN TRADE of W. P. MOORE'S HAIR DRESSING SALOON, Hongkong Hotel. I trust to meet the same Patronage so Liberally Bestowed upon my Predecessor.

J. P. MARMANDE.

Hongkong, 15th January, 1883.

NORTH CHINA INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. ALEXANDER ROSS assumes charge of the Agency of the above Company here from this Date.

By Order of the Court of Directors,  
J. KENNARD DAVIS, Agent.

Hongkong, 12th February, 1883. [133]

## Amusements.

ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA.

THEATRE ROYAL.

CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

SPECIAL PERFORMANCE

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING.

THE 21ST INSTANT.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

SIGNORA LUBICCI

PRIMA DONNA ASSOLUTA,

AND

SIGNOR CATTANEO.

When will be produced

VERDI'S CELEBRATED OPERA

"LA TRAVIATA."

Between the Acts Signora LUBICCI will sing

G. A. Osborne's beautiful English ballad

"Who's at my Window."

Seats may be booked at Messrs. KELLY & WALSH'S, where a Plan of the Theatre is now on view.

Hongkong, 16th February, 1883. [145]

## To be Let.

### TO LET.

A TWO STOREY HOUSE (6 Rooms) in Mosque Junction. The above has Gas and Water laid on; and immediate possession can be had.

For Particulars apply to

D. NOWROJEE,

Hongkong Hotel.

Hongkong, 27th November, 1882. [18]

### TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

FOUR LARGE ROOMS in Blue Buildings, Wanchai, (opposite the Long Pier) lately occupied by Mr. H. JOYCE.

Apply to

H. H.

Care of Messrs. SAYLE & Co.

Hongkong, 29th January, 1883. [103]

### TO LET.

NO. 4, OLD BAILEY STREET.

No. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,

lately occupied by PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

No. 8, SEYMOUR TERRACE.

No. 9, SEYMOUR TERRACE.

No. 25, PRAYA CENTRAL.

No. 10, HOLLYWOOD ROAD.

Apply to

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.

Hongkong, 10th February, 1883. [17]

## Intimations.

### LOST.

AT the RACECOURSE on SATURDAY, January 27th a RACE GLASS. The Finder will be Rewarded on RETURNING the same to

W. M.,

Care of Hongkong Telegraph Office.

Hongkong, 5th February, 1883. [121]

THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE HONGKONG

HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED, ARE

NOW PREPARED TO RECEIVE OFFERS

FROM SUITABLE PERSONS FOR A FIVE

OR TEN YEARS LEASE OF THE HONG-

KONG HOTEL, AND FURNITURE

COMPLETE.

This well known HOTEL is situated in the

Queen's Road, Hongkong, within a few yards of

the principal landing place in the Colony.

It is a large and commodious building, replete

with every modern improvement and conven-

ience. It contains an ELEGANT AND

SPACIOUS BAR, A LARGE BILLIARD

ROOM, READING ROOM, A DINING

HALL to accommodate 170 Persons, FIFTY

TWO BED ROOMS, TWO CAPITAL

BOWLING ALLEYS, together with all the

other necessities of a well appointed Hotel.

It is the only First Class Hotel in the Colony,

and is always patronised by a number of permanent

boarders, consisting principally of Government

Officials, Military and Naval Officers and their

Families, &c.

It is at present under a Lease to Messrs.

DORABJEE and HING-KEE, which lease expires

on the 15th October, 1883.

Applications to be addressed to—

THE CHAIRMAN,

THE HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LIMITED.

HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 2nd January, 1883. [34]

### NOTICE.

THE GOLDEN SCISSOR.

No. 13, POTTINGER STREET.

A. M. ROBIN

(LATE OF T. M. LAWSON'S, CALCUTTA.)

TAILOR, Shirt and Breeches Maker and

General Outfitter. Mr. ROBIN invites

Public Patronage and guarantees a perfect fit at

Moderate Charges.

N.B.—Note the address.

THE GOLDEN SCISSOR.

No. 13, Pottinger Street.

Hongkong, 8th December, 1882. [797]

### F. D. GUEDES.

WINE MERCHANT AND GENERAL

COMMISSION AGENT.

No. 5, D'AGUIAR STREET.

HAS always on hand a large assortment of

CHOICE WINES of the best quality, at

Moderate Prices.

Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [663]

## Intimations.

W. BREWER.

PUBLIC CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

HAVING long felt the need of a PUBLIC CIRCULATING LIBRARY in Hongkong, I have determined, should a sufficient number Volunteer to Subscribe to it, to form a Library on the same basis as Circulating Libraries are formed in England, and from my Experience in such matters in England, I feel certain that I can form and conduct a Library satisfactorily to all. My Experience in the East Teaches me that the principal demand would be for LIGHT LITERATURE, and the Ordinary 3-Volume English Novels would therefore preponderate, at the same time Works of any interest on Science, Biography and Travel would find their place on the Library Shelves.

THE SUBSCRIPTION WOULD BE \$15 PER ANNUM FOR A SINGLE SET OF BOOKS.

Willing Subscribers will kindly send in their Names as early as possible in order that some estimate might be formed of the probable success of the Scheme.

W. BREWER,

QUEEN'S ROAD.

Hongkong, 25th January, 1883.

SAYLE & CO.'S SHOWROOMS.

SAYLE & CO.

ARE SHOWING.

WITH A VIEW TO REDUCING OUR STOCK TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW GOODS

WE ARE OFFERING FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

FANCY CHECKED DRESS MATERIALS.....@ 15c PER YARD USUAL PRICE 25c.

INVISIBLE CHECKED Do.....@ 15c do do 25c.

POMPADOUR DELAINES Do.....@ 20c do do 30c.

ROUGH & READY SERGES Do.....@ 20c do do 30c.

CHECKED MOHAIRS Do.....@ 30c do do 45c.

TERRA COTTA & OTHER STRIPED SATINETTES.....@ 50c do do 75c.

FANCY VELVETEENS.....@ 35c do do 50c.

ALSO

LADIES SHOES.....@ \$1.25 PER PAIR do \$2.50.

LADIES SHOES.....@ \$1.50 do do \$2.50.

LADIES SHOES.....@ \$1.75 do do \$2.83.

N.B.—JUST OPENED A CASE OF ATKINSON'S SCENTS.

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

SAYLE & CO.

VICTORIA EXCHANGE, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 6th February, 1883. [699]

ROSE & CO.

31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CHOICE VARIETY

OF FRENCH AND ENGLISH TWEEDS

FOR GENTLEMEN'S SUITINGS

COMPRISING

CASHMERE AND ANGOLA NOVELTIES

ALL OF WHICH ARE SHIRRED READY FOR MAKING UP.

GENTLEMEN'S FELT HATS (Christie's) the latest shapes.

WHITE AND COLOURED SHIRTS.

LINEN COLLARS AND FANCY SCARVES.

GENTLEMEN'S HOSE in great variety.

UNDERSHIRTS in Balbriggan, Merino, Cashmere and Lambwool.

GENTLEMEN'S KID GLOVES 2 BUTTONS.

UMBRELLAS AND WALKING STICKS.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

DRESS GOODS in CASHMERE, FANCY WOOL AND OTHER TEXTURES.

BROCADED GAUZE and GRENADES.

CASHMERE EMBROIDERED COSTUMES.

BRAIDED JACKETS, CLOTH MANTLES.

RICH BROCADED SILKS.

RICH BLACK SILKS.

COLOURED BROCADED SILKS and MOIRÉ'S.

LACES, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, SASHES, LACE FISHUS, COLLARS, &c.

LADIES' KID GLOVES 2, 4, 6, 8, AND 12 BUTTONS.

FANCY KID GOODS in endless variety.

LADIES' and GENTS' CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S UNDERCLOTHING.

HOSIERY AND CORSETS.

HABERDASHERY, UMBRELLAS, AND SUNSHADES.

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT FOR CASH PAYMENT.

ROSE & CO.

31 & 33, QUEEN'S ROAD—HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 2nd February, 1883.

"NOVELTY STORE."

MARINE HOUSE, QUEEN'S ROAD.

JUST RECEIVED.

THE FOLLOWING MUSIC EX STEAMSHIP

"GLENEAGLES"—

Les Sirenes—Valse, by E. Waldeufel.

My Queen—Valse, by E. Waldeufel.

Messenger of Love—Valse, by C. Coote Jr.

Dolores Vales—by E. Waldeufel.

Officers' Valse—by C. Coote Jr.

ALSO THE FOLLOWING ROYAL EDITIONS OF OPERAS, WITH VOCAL AND

PIANOFORTE SCORES, IN ENGLISH AND ITALIAN.

Lucia di Lammermoor—by Donizetti.

Don Pasquale—by Donizetti.

Lucresia Borgia—by Donizetti.

L'Elisir D'Amore—by Donizetti.

La Favorita—by Donizetti.

Masaniello—by Auber.

La Sonnambula—by Bellini.

Norma—by Bellini.

Il Barbiere—by Rossini.

I Puritani—by Bellini.

S. MEYERS,

MANAGER.

Hongkong, 14th February, 1883.

## For Sale.

D. K. GRIFFITH.

MANUFACTURER OF THE LONDON

AERATED WATERS.

7, BEACONFIELD ARCADE,

(Opposite the City Hall)

Having Purchased the entire Machinery of the

SODA WATER FACTORY

is now prepared to execute the largest orders

for every description of Aerated Waters with

promptness and despatch.

SUPERIOR QUALITY

IS GUARANTEED.

Consumers are invited to try these carefully

Manufactured

SPARKLING WATERS.

THREE DOZEN FOR ONE DOLLAR.

All Orders and Communications should be ad-

dressd to The Factory,



## THE WOMEN MEN LIKE.

It is the popular woman, says the *Queen*, be not a very high type of woman, her virtues and her faults, in fact, are admitted, are of the amiable sort. She is of the most social, delighting in her kind and dependent upon it for her pleasures. Society is absolutely necessary to her. We do not mean by society that which is represented by the higher circles only in rank, wealth or intellect, but simply the constant friction with her fellow beings. Solitude to her means desolation; in her spirits languish, her temper sours. The dead concentrated nature of experience, enlarging the number of their acquaintances, lest they be distracted from their purpose in life; the shrinking within themselves of the shy before strangers; the depression of the over-sensitive weighed down by a sense of incompleteness in the presence of varied interests and aims—these are sensations unknown to the popular woman.

The popular woman is seldom domestic; the narrow circle of home duties seems to be too limited to absorb that superabundant energy, and its routine is distasteful to her. Those sudden calls that upset the even tenor of existence, and prove so flurrying and distracting to governing individuals, have an exhilarating effect upon her spirits. The home circle may suffer from this wide extension of herself, and feel the lack of that concentrated sympathy of a woman's heart which makes the air benign; but, on the other hand, shares her sense of zest in life; there is a contagion in her incomparable enjoyment of the business or pleasure of the present.

The popular woman is very easy-going and largely tolerant. Next to her animal spirit, this indulgent temper is her greatest charm. We feel at ease in her presence, there is no necessity to put one's best foot forward; intellectually and morally we can keep on our slippers and relax the backbone of our principles. Her indulgence does not spring from the "charity that knoweth no evil," nor from the cynicism that believes in evil only, but from her knowledge of man and woman-kind. It is a knowledge, not profound or subtle, but such as it is, it is varied and true. It has the advantage of being taken from nature; it is not second-hand, not derived from books or hearsay. This knowledge of human nature, this deep though it may be, gives her the inimitable talent of flattery. She does not contribute any flashes of wit to the conversation, any numbers of facts to the store of learning; but there is a crispness of originality in her remarks, a certain readiness of expression that give piquancy to her phrases. Agit peculiar to her is a rapid appreciation of the wit of others; a power of seeing it and throwing a gleam upon it that makes it evident to duller brains. She is not sarcastic, and never on the heights. Slow-witted and common-place folks do not fear her. She will not rise above the level of their comprehension, and she will not dare those shafts of irony they have an uncomfortable feeling their clever sisters occasionally level at them. Intellectual folks take pleasure in a companionship that is easy and not dull. It is an incontestable fact that people of intellect find relaxation in the society of those who do not require them to be always pumping their brains. They like gossip, and the popular woman is fond of gossip.

## BURIED ALIVE IN RUSSIA.

THE SECRET REVEALED BY A NEWLY-OPENED GRAVE IN WARSAW.

[St. Petersburg Cor. Philadelphia Press.]  
An extraordinary case which has astonished the medical profession in Russia and Poland, has just come from Warsaw. A short time ago there was in the outskirts of the old capital a young, beautiful woman, who was buried with that haste which characterizes the funerals of the Russian people. A few days afterward doctors were called to determine the cause of her death, but they could say positively as to the nature of the case that had shown no symptoms whatever, and which had brought this young woman to a premature and sudden end. She was buried in due course. However, it was rumored about the city that her husband often ill-treated her, and at her death some people went so far as to say that he was the cause of it. These rumors spread more and more until they reached the ears of the authorities, who immediately caused the body to be exhumed. The judicial commission followed the grave-digger to the cemetery, and the latter proceeded to disinter the remains. Having reached it, a rope was lowered, and, after fixing it firmly around the half-rotten coffin, the ghastly freight was hoisted once more to the level of the earth. They opened the bier, and, to their horror and expectation, discovered not only the woman, but a second sharer of this last resting place, in the shape of a still-born child that was lying at her feet. The child had arrived at entire maturity, and had been born in the tomb, where it had lived for several hours. Thus the tomb of the mother had been both its cradle and tomb at the same time. As to the mother, it was discovered that she had been buried alive when in a comatose state, and when returning to consciousness had given birth to the child. It was easily seen that the poor woman had suffered terribly, for not only did she dried-up blood, which was still visible upon the lips, gave evidence of the fact, but also her tongue, pierced by her teeth, and her hands clasped together convulsively.

Burying people alive in Europe has occurred too often of late years, and can only be accounted for by the inattention of doctors, which, in this case, should be treated as a criminal offence. The fear of the living being interred alive has given such power over the mind that Russians, when on their death-bed, have left legacies for the foundation and maintenance of hospitals for their native city, where supposed corpses are placed for three days in the hopes that their thread of life may not have parted. The mortuary of Friberg can be quoted as an instance of these peculiar institutions, which are confined principally to Eastern Europe, where cataleptic fits are known to be more prevalent than in any other part of the globe.

In the centre of the cemetery of Friberg stands a house, which, to an unobservant person, would have every appearance of a small chapel. This thought would be suggested through the sight of a tower, which contains a bell; but, on entering this ill-fated building, the searcher for knowledge might be astonished at seeing a human form, dead to all appearance. The stiff, rigid body rests upon a marble slab, dressed in death's garments, and the rings, which depend from a wire rope that runs through the ceiling, are attached to its fingers. A further inspection, aided by the theory of the apparatus, which the attendant is willing to give to all visitors, would explain this somewhat mysterious position of the dead body. The fingers of the supposed corpse are placed in magnetic steel rings that fit tightly. Should the body show any signs of reanimation, the slightest quiver of the nerves of the fingers would affect the steel rings in their turn, communicating with another stronger magnetic current that forces itself on the bell, making it ring. When an attendant physician to the cemetery, named Pessioff, recently visited her tomb on the third day after

"THAMES STREET INDUSTRIES," by Percy Russell. This illustrated Pamphlet on Perfumery, &c., published at 6d., may be had gratis from any Chemist or dealer in perfumery in the World, or JOHN GOSWELL & Co., London.—[ADVT.]

## MACAO.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MACAO, February 15th, 1883.  
The last week in our secluded and dardic city has been productive of some important news. The pending lawsuit instituted by the President of the Municipal Board against the editor of the *Independente* has come to an end, satisfactory explanations and concessions having amicably been exchanged by both parties.

The reign of the "Graces" is also at an end, a certain Captain Rosa having been appointed Governor of Macao and Minister Plenipotentiary to China, Japan and Siam. It appears that the only qualification entitling Captain Rosa to such an elevation from his inferior rank of officer, is his having been an aide-de-camp to Prince Don Augusto, brother of the King of Portugal. Events, however, will soon show what manner of man the lucky Captain is. The present Governor is said to have already engaged, his passage home by the French mail; so his rosy successor may be soon expected here, to nestle among the thorns of our executive maladministration.

The "Process" procession took place on Saturday and Sunday last in its wonted devotional splendour.

The *Macanese* of the 8th instant dealt with a leader which appeared in the *Correio de Macao* of the 4th criticising the notorious diplomatic mission of Governor Graça, to Japan. The *Macanese* that had so pertinaciously invaded and revealed His Excellency's precious personalities, now blames the *Correio* for indulging in the same strain of criticism; and, for reasons easily understood by every one, invites the latter paper to "draw a veil over the personal side of the mission." In order to discuss such innocent questions as those concerning the Japanese Tariff, exteriority, &c.

In a sub-leader, the *Macanese* points out very effectively the defects of our educational system, by drawing a comparison between education in Hongkong and Macao respectively. In my opinion, it is useless to expect anything from the Portuguese Government in the way of educational reform. The reform has not yet commenced in Lisbon, where both the secular and the clerical systems of public instruction are rotten to the core. Private initiative has done a vast deal of good to education in Macao; the question would only be to increase that noble initiative, to give it a wider scope and to teach the colonial government a lesson of what private enterprise, well-backed by funds and a strong will, can do, in spite of governmental indifference and jealousy. It may be worth noting that the Commercial School is going to open a nocturnal course of instruction in the modern languages and in the elements of engineering, for senior students.

The *Independente* of the 7th inst. proceeds with its judicious remarks on our defective system of judicature. It also institutes a comparison between the predecessor of Senhor da Graça and his noble self, extolling the undoubted energy and high attainments of the former Governor, over the simple routine propensities of the latter. It transcribes the long drawn sentence which condemned, at Goa, the Archbishop of that diocese, for having canonically forbidden the publication of the journal *A Cruz*, edited by a priest. It is doubtful whether the Archbishop will comply with the civil decree sentencing him to revoke his prohibition. The *Macanese* of today's date contains some very sensible remarks on the matter, the proceedings of the Archbishop being said to affect only the domain of conscience, not that of civil rights; consequently, the priest-editor as a citizen could well afford to go on with the publication of his journal, although as a priest, he was bound to yield to his superiors, and suspend his issues. The relations between Church and State in the Portuguese law are so strangely framed, that in most cases of conflict, it is apt to be involved in the inextricable meshes of contradiction. As a preventive remedy in matters concerning the expression of free thought, I think priests should never come forward to meddle with politics, particularly that sort of partisan politics which is a bane to the privilege of the Portuguese press. We have heard and read too much of political priests, to feel any way respectfully inclined toward them. Let them confine themselves to their own sphere of action, and the world would go on a bit more smoothly.

Stund's *Correio de Macao* hails with delight the nomination of Dr. de Lacerda, President of the Geographical Society of Lisbon, to the seals of Colonial Minister, on the resignation of the late Minister of Marine, Mello Gouveia. It sees in that nomination a decided step toward the amelioration of the Portuguese Colonies, as the new Minister is widely known to be a man of consummate learning and skill, albeit his inexperience in the tenure of office. The prosperity of the Portuguese possessions in Africa, Asia and Polynesia is truly said to depend on the combined exertions of the Home Government and of the Colonial Governors. As the system of appointing military men to the Governorships of the colonies is still prevalent in Lisbon, it is to be feared that the best efforts of the home ministry will be counteracted by the malignant influence of their colonial satellites, whose chief interest is centred in themselves, not in the welfare of the colonies under their charge. The Governor of Macao is afterwards severely censured for exiling to Typa a few soldiers of the National Battalion who were compositors of the *Correio*, on the pretext of the detachment in that outpost having long ago expired, and the poor private being still compelled to linger away from their homes.

The text of the decree permitting free emigration from the port of Macao has appeared in the *Government Gazette*. A committee has been appointed to study the means of executing the decree, as well as to frame suitable regulations. It is, however, thought that abuses will again creep in, as of yore, and that the expressive language of the entry in the *Grand-Duchess of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha's* regulations will be adopted by these over-zealous agents from Fern, Havana, &c. Should it be possible to regulate the emigration scheme on a really sound basis, and this is the ardent hope of every sensible resident in this colony, there is no doubt, we may shake off the lethargy which is predominantly reigning in this dead and alive spot of the Far East.

## METHODS OF DESTRUCTION, LAWFUL AND UNLAWFUL.

It is curious to notice distinctions in naval warfare between lawful and unlawful methods, similar to those conspicuous on land. Such projectiles as bits of iron-ore, pointed stones, nails, or glass, are excluded from the list of things that may be used in good war, and the declaration of war on one element, as on the other. Unfounded charges by one belligerent against another are, however, always liable to being the illicit method into actual use on both sides, under the pretext of reprisals, as we see in the following order of the day, issued at Brest by the French Vice Admiral, Marshal Comfians, November 8th, 1799: "It is absolutely contrary to the law of nations to make bad war, and to shoot shells at the enemy, when one always be fought according to the rules of honor, with the arms generally employed by both nations. Yet some Captains have complained that the English have used such weapons against them; it is, therefore, only on these complaints, and with an extreme reluctance, that it has been resolved to embark

hollow shells on vessels of the line, but it is expressly forbidden to use them unless the enemy begin. So the English in their turn charged the French with making bad war. The wound received by Nelson at Aboukir, on the forehead, was attributed to a piece of iron or a langridge shot. And the wounds that the crews of the *Brunswick* received from the *Engageur* in the famous battle between the French and English fleets in June, 1794, are said to have been peculiarly distressing, owing to the French employing langridge shot of raw ore and old nails, and to their throwing stinkpots into the port-holes, which caused most painful burnings and scaldings. It is safest to discredit such accusations altogether, for there is no limit to the barbarities that may come into play, in consequence of too ready a credulity. Red-hot shot, legitimate for the defence of land forts against ships, used not to be considered good war in the contests of ships with one another. In the three hours' action between the *Lively* and the *Tourterelle*, a French privateer, the use by the latter of hot shot, "not usually deemed honorable warfare," was considered to be wrong, but a wrong on the part of those who equipped her for sea more than on the part of the Captain who fired them. The English assailing batteries that fired red-hot shot against Gluckstadt, in 1813, are said to have resorted to "a mode of warfare very unusual with us since the siege of Gibraltar." The "Treatise on Tactics," by the Emperor Leo VI., carries back the record of the means employed against an enemy in naval warfare to the Ninth century. The things he recommends as most effective are—Cranes, to let fall heavy weights on the enemy's decks; catapults, with iron spikes, to wound his feet; jars full of quicklime, to suffocate him; jars containing combustibles, to burn him; jars containing poisonous reptiles, to bite him, and Greek fire, with its noise like thunder, to frighten as well as burn him. Many of these methods were of immortal usage, for Scipio knew the merits of jars full of pitch, and Hannibal of jars full of vipers. Nothing was too bad for use in those days, nor can it be ascertained when and why they ceased to be used. Greek fire was used with great effect in the sea battles between the Saracens and Christians, but it is a fair cause of wonder that the invention of gunpowder should have so entirely superseded it, as to cause its very manufacture to have been forgotten. Neither does history record the date of, nor the reason for, the disuse of quicklime, which, in the famous fight off Dover in 1217, between the French and English, contributed so greatly to the victory of the latter.—*The Gentleman's Magazine*.

## To-day's Advertisements.

FOR MANILA (DIRECT).  
THE Spanish Steamer  
"EMUY,"  
Remenier, Master, will be despatched as above TO-DAY, the 17th inst., at FOUR O'CLOCK P.M.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
REMEDIOS & Co.  
Hongkong, 13th February, 1883. [137]

FOR MANILA (DIRECT).  
THE Company's Steamer  
"DIAMANTE,"  
Captain Cullen, will be despatched for the above Port, TO-DAY, the 17th inst., at FOUR P.M.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
RUSSELL & Co.,  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, 15th February, 1883. [142]

FOR MANILA (DIRECT).  
THE Spanish Steamer  
"DON JUAN,"  
Captain Marquez, will be despatched as above on TUESDAY, the 20th inst., at TWO P.M.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
BRANDÃO & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 17th February, 1883. [147]

FOR SAIGON.  
THE Steamship  
"LYDIA,"  
Captain P. Paulsen, will be despatched for the above Port, on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, the 20th inst., at FOUR O'CLOCK P.M.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
AH YON & Co.,  
80, Praya Central.  
Hongkong, 17th February, 1883. [146]

## ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA.

THEATRE ROYAL, CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF  
MASTRO GORE AND SIGNOR ARIGONI,  
THIS EVENING,  
THE 17TH INSTANT,  
WILL BE PRODUCED PAGINI'S FAMOUS OPERA  
"SAFFO."

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ:  
ALCANTARO.....Signor CIUCCI.  
CLIMENE.....Signora SILINI.  
SAFFO.....Signora LUBICI.  
FIONE.....Signor ARIGONI.  
DIRCE.....Signora BERTOLINI.  
LIPPIA.....Signor PETROVICH.  
LISIMACO.....Signor PETROVICH.

Between the First and Second Act, MAESTRO GORE will play KONSKI'S Celebrated *Morceau de concert*  
"REVEIL DU LION"  
AND  
Between the Second and Third Act, THALBERG'S variations on  
"LA PRIÈRE DU MOÏSE."

Seats may be booked at Messrs. KELLY AND WALSH'S.  
Hongkong, 13th February, 1883. [138]

## HONGKONG RACES, 1883.

GENTLEMEN are requested to send in their Entries for the STEEPCHASES to the Undersigned at the HONGKONG CLUB, before 11 A.M. on WEDNESDAY.

H. J. H. TRIPP,  
Clerk of the Course.  
Hongkong, 17th February, 1883. [148]

## HONGKONG RACES, 1882.

NOW READY, PRICE 25 CENTS.

A COMPLETE REPORT  
OF THE HONGKONG RACE MEETING OF 1882, IN PAMPHLET FORM.  
REPRINTED FROM  
THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."  
As only a limited number has been printed, orders should be sent without delay to the "Hongkong Telegraph" Office.  
No. 6, Peddar's Hill,  
Hongkong, 5th February, 1883.

## Intimations.

## KELLY &amp; WALSH.

THE LAST FRENCH AND AMERICAN MAELS BRING HOME DATES OF THE FIRST WEEK IN JANUARY. WE ARE IN A POSITION TO SUPPLY AT ONCE THE FOLLOWING PERIODICALS, ENABLING SUBSCRIBERS TO COMMENCE IN NEARLY ALL CASES, FROM THE FIRST NUMBER OF A NEW VOLUME.

LONDON AND CHINA EXPRESS.  
ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS.  
THE QUEEN.  
ENGINEER.  
FAMILY HERALD.  
LA VIE PARISIENNE.  
MARINE ENGINEER.  
YOUNG LADIES JOURNAL.  
HARPER'S WEEKLY.  
HARPER'S EDITION OF THE TIMES.

KELLY & WALSH are Sole Agents for the LONDON AND CHINA EXPRESS. It gives a General Summary of the week's events at home and abroad, but its special mission is to furnish the latest and best information respecting all subjects of interest to residents in China and the Far East. It makes a specialty of Commercial and Shipping Reports compiled from the most reliable sources, and each number contains one or more thoughtful leading articles of local interest. The Subscription is \$15 per Annum—Specimen Copies will be sent on application.

JUST PUBLISHED—PRICE \$1.50.

## THE HONGKONG NAUTICAL POCKET BOOK

FOR 1883.  
Containing Canton Tide Tables for every day in the year, with data for calculating the Time of High Water at all Ports on the Coast of China, Siam, and Japan. Peak and International Code Signals, List of Lights, Buoys and Beacons on the Coast of China, Tidal Constants, Hongkong Fire Signals, Distance Tables to Japan, Shanghai, Coast Ports and the principal places trading with the Colony. Longitude in Time of various prominent points, Dimensions of Hongkong Docks, and a mass of information specially useful for Captains, Pilots and all engaged in Shipping. For Sale by Messrs. FALCONER & Co., Mr. JOHN NOBLE, Messrs. C. J. GAUFF & Co., Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and at the PUBLISHERS.

KELLY &amp; WALSH—HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 14th February, 1883. [559]

## For Sale.

FOR SALE.

G. H. MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE.  
QUARTS.....\$22 per Case.  
PINTS.....\$23 per Case.  
Apply to  
MELCHERS & Co.  
Hongkong, 22nd March, 1882. [18]

F. BLACKHEAD & CO.  
SHIPHANDLERS, STORE-KEEPERS  
AND  
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,  
PRAYA CENTRAL.

HAVE RECEIVED EX' LATEST ARRIVALS.

AMERICAN CAST STEEL SHOVELS.  
PICKS.  
AXES.  
HATCHETS.  
ENGINEERS' & HOUSEHOLD HAMMERS.  
PATENT BIT-BRACES.  
AUGER-BITS.  
D.R.I.L.S.  
GIMBLETS.  
SQUARES.  
PATENT BRASS PADLOCKS & CHEST LOCKS.

MRS. FOTT'S PATENT SADIRONS.  
COOKING STOVES.  
FAIRBANK'S SCALES.  
FORCE PUMPS FOR SHIPS' USE.  
DRILLING MACHINES.  
BREAST DRILLS, AUTOM. BORING TOOLS.

ANVILS, VICES, AND DRILLS COMBINED.  
ANVILS.  
VICES.  
HITCHCOCK'S PATENT LAMPS.  
GLASSCUTTERS.  
SCROLL SAWS.  
FAMILY GRINDSTONES.  
BLACKSMITHS' BELLOWES.  
&c., &c., &c.

BEST WHITWORTH'S STOCK AND DIES.  
SCREW WRENCHES.  
PLANE IRONS.  
CHISELS.  
HAMMERS.  
PINNERS.  
NIPPERS.  
DIVIDERS.

METAL SCISSORS.  
METAL SAWS.  
TUBE EXPANDERS.  
OIL-FEEDERS.  
OIL-CANS.  
SALTER'S SPRING BALANCE SCALES.  
WESTON'S PATENT TACKLES.  
PATENT SOCKETS.  
DISTRESS SIGNALS.  
HOLMES' PATENT SIGNAL LIGHTS.  
FOGHORNS.  
SIGNAL LAMPS.  
LIFE BUOYS.  
BOTTLE WASHING AND CORKING MACHINES.  
&c., &c., &c.

SPARKLING SCHARZHOFFER BEER.  
FLENSBURG STOCKBEER.

MARIENTHALER BEER.  
VEUVE CLICQUOT PONSARDIN CHAMPAGNE.  
Hongkong, 7th October, 1882. [10]

C. L. THEVENIN.  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT.  
HAS FOR SALE  
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WHITE AND RED BURGUNDIES  
AT MODERATE PRICES.  
A Capital AMONTILLADO SHERRY.  
Assorted LIQUEURS of the best quality.  
BOY'S HOT-SPICES, PRESERVES,  
FRESH BUTTER, CHEESE, &c., &c.,  
French Mail, PERUMERY, &c., &c.  
Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [16]

## Intimations.

"WAI SAN YAT PO."

A CHINESE DAILY NEWSPAPER with a wide circulation in the Colony and at the other Ports, at the Moderate Subscription of FOUR DOLLARS per Annum. It is an excellent medium for ADVERTISERS at Strictly Moderate Charges. Guaranteed circulation of over 1,000 Copies. Communications to be addressed to the Proprietor.

LUK KE SHUN,  
No. 9, Gough Street.  
Hongkong, 10th February, 1883. [133]

## T O K E E.

C O A L M E R C H A N T,  
18, WING SING LANE, HONGKONG.

KEEPS on hand for Sale all kinds of House and Steam COAL of the best quality, at moderate rates. The "CUM LOONG," "CUM CHOW," "CUM SHUEN," "CUM LEE," Steam Launches for Hire at \$3 for 1st hour, \$2 for 2nd and \$1 for 3rd hour, "CUM ON," and "CUM KAI," at \$3 for 1st hour, \$2 for 2nd hour, and for longer periods according to arrangement. Hongkong, 16th October, 1882. [700]

SANG LOONG,  
No. 9, LYNDHURST TERRACE.

BEGGS to announce to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Hongkong that he has FOR SALE, at Moderate Prices—LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS and SHOES, LAWN TENNIS SHOES, HOSIERY, SHIRTS, CLOTHS, &c. ALSO  
A Variety of CHILDREN'S HOSIERY, &c.  
Hongkong, 20th January, 1883. [76]

A H O Y.  
HOY LEE.

MERCHANT TAILOR, HAT, & CAP MAKER.

HAS for Sale, every description of Gentle-men's Scarves, Collars, Ties, Socks, Hats, &c., &c. Dealer in Chinese Silks of all kinds. Bamboo Bins, Matting of own Manufacture. China Teapots in bamboo covers, Rattan Chairs, Silk-Covers a Specialty—a perfect fit and best material guaranteed.  
No. 112, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
Hongkong, 16th May, 1882. [347]

## NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and Ship COAL for Sale in large or small quantities at Moderate Prices. Street and Canal modious small steamers on hire for towing purposes, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any other House in the Trade.  
Apply to  
HING LEE,  
37, Tung Man Lane.  
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [227]

L I N G S H I N G.  
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,  
No. 5, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG.

THE CHEAPEST SHOP IN THE TRADE.  
Materials and Workmanship Guaranteed.  
Special experience in making Gentlemen's RIDING BOOTS.  
Hongkong, 4th April, 1882. [207]

S U N S H I N G.  
DEALER IN SILKS.

CANTON and Shanghai Gauzes, Crapes Shawls, Lacquered and Ivory Vases, Curies, &c., &c. The best house in the trade for high-class Curies. GOLD and SILVER JEWELRY of the most artistic designs, Engraver on Stamps, Seals, &c., &c. The public and Travellers are invited to inspect the show rooms.  
No. 62, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL, HONGKONG.  
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [298]

THE CITY OF MANILA CIGAR STORE.  
HAS FOR SALE  
CIGARS of all Brands, Imperials, Caballeros, Viceroy, Regalias, Londres, Nuevo Habanos of all makes, quality guaranteed. TOBACCOS of all Brands, at moderate prices. FANCY GOODS from the Parisian markets, Meerschaum Pipes, Jewellery of Choice Designs, Sun Hats, &c., &c. Commissions Executed.  
JOSE M. BASA,  
No. 51, B, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL, HONGKONG.  
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [297]

S Z H I N G.  
TAILOR.

DEALER in all kinds of Drapery, Silk Handkerchiefs, Embroidered Shawls, &c., &c. HAT AND CAP MAKER.  
Ladies material made up, and a perfect Fit Guaranteed at Moderate Charges.  
MATTING AND MANILA CIGARS, FOR SALE.  
No. 76, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG.  
Hongkong, 12th October, 1882. [591]

C H I E N A M.  
GOLD AND SILVERSMITH,  
WATCH MAKER  
AND  
WATCHES CLEANED AND REPAIRED.  
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.  
JEWELRY MADE AND REPAIRED.  
No. 72, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG.  
Hongkong, 6th April, 1882. [214]

Y E U Q U A.  
SHIP, PORTRAIT AND MINIATURE PAINTER.  
PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS  
LANDSCAPES IN OIL AND WATER COLOURS.  
All Work Executed by First-Class Artists.  
IVORY MINIATURES A SPECIALITY.  
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.  
No. 52, C, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, USTAIRS, HONG KONG.  
Hongkong, 4th April, 1882. [211]

NOTICE.  
ARRANGEMENTS have now been completed, which will enable this Office to undertake all kinds of JOB PRINTING, including DIRECTORIES, REPORTS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, BALL ROOM, VISITING CARDS, PROSPECTUSES, DEBIT NOTES, LABELS, PROGRAMMES OF ENTERTAINMENTS, TRADE CIRCULARS and REPORTS, &c., &c.  
Accuracy and Best Workmanship guaranteed at the lowest possible rates.  
"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" Office,  
No. 6, Peddar's Hill, 1st February, 1883.

